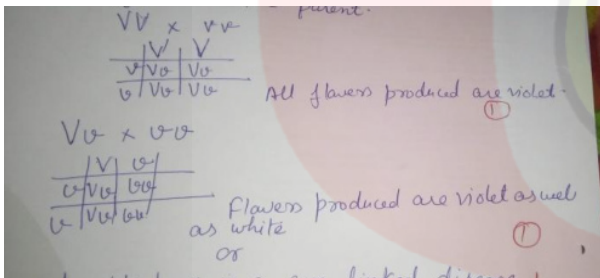
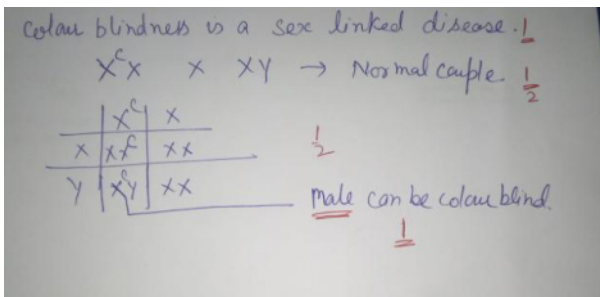
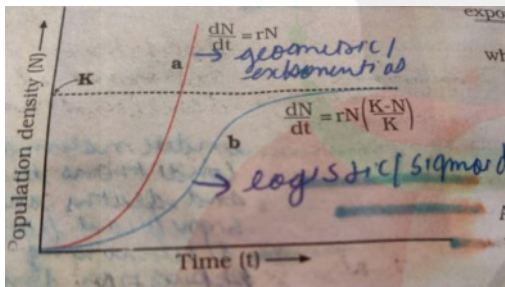


Key for set B - 12 BIOLOGY		
Sr.No	Value Point	Marks
1	B) Endosperm	1
2	A) Sperm pollenin	1
3	C) FSH, Estrogen, Progesterone	1
4	B) Decreases the movement of sperms	1
5	C) Meischer	1
6	D) Both sons and Daughters	1
7	D) 50% bands similar to father and rest similar to mother	1
8	B)	1
9	A) Moth	1
10	A) Population genetics	1
11	D) Detrivore	1
12	C) Defence	1
13	A) Amensalism	1
14	C) Loss of diversity	1
15	C)	1
16	C)	1
17	C)	1
18	C)	1
Section-B		
19	Passive immunity	1
	This type of immunity is required when antibodies are required instantly	1
20	<u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u>	1
	Fermentation (in making idli, alcohol etc)	1
21	➤ The problem of pollution has been controlled due to use of biofertilizers.	1
	➤ Economic to use biofertilizer as compared to chemical fertilizers.	1
22	Enzyme linked Immuno sorbent assay.	1
	<u>Principle:</u> Antigen antibody association .	1
23	Male Heterogamy : When the gametes produced by male are of different Types for e.g in human being two kind of sperms are there e.g X and Y type of sperms.	1
	Female Heterogamy : When the gametes produced by female are of different types for e.g in birds it eggs produced are of two one containing "Z" chromosome and the containing "W" chromosome .	1
OR		
	Turner's syndrome	Down's syndrome
1)	Genotype is XO	Genotype is having trisomy of 21 chromosome .
2)	Chromosome number is less than normal human e.g 45.	Chromosome number is more than normal human e.g 47.
24	DNA is better genetic material because	1
	1) It is chemically and structurally stable .	1
	2) It is undergoing slow changes that is required for evolution	

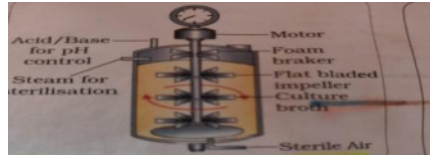
25	Convergent Evolution	Divergent Evolution	
1)	Structure of analogous organs show convergent evolution.	Structure of homologous organs show divergent evolution.	1
2)	e.g Wings of birds Insects and Bat.	e.g Vertebrate fore-limbs.	1
Section-C			
26	The process of formation megaspores from the megaspore mother cell is called as megasporogenesis.		1
	The megaspore mother cell divide by meiosis result in formation of four cells .Out of these four cells one transforms into embryo sac . Its nuclei divide by mitosis by free nuclear division and after that cell wall formation takes place resulting in formation of mature embryo sac		1
	OR		
1)	Pollen grains are non sticky numerous .		1
2)	Well exposed stamens .		1
3)	Large feathery stigma .		1
4)	Numerous flower packed into an inflorescence .		
27	By test cross VV & Vv both are violet coloured flowers in Pea plant as violet colour is dominating over white . So to find out its genotype it is crossed with homozygous recessive parent.		1
	 <p>Handwritten genetic cross for pea plant flower color. It shows two crosses: $VV \times vv$ resulting in all violet offspring (Vv), and $Vv \times vv$ resulting in a 1:1 ratio of violet (Vv) to white (vv) offspring.</p>		
	OR		
	 <p>Handwritten genetic cross for color blindness. It shows a cross between a normal couple ($X^C X$ and $X Y$) resulting in a $\frac{1}{2}$ chance of a male child being color blind ($X Y$).</p>		
28	Plasmids are extra nucleoid circular DNA present in bacteria which are useful in genetic engineering . ❖ Having ori site for starting replication.		1

	❖ Cloning site for attachment of foreign DNA ❖ Selectable marker sites for distinguishing b/w Recombinants and non recombinants .	1 1
29	Pyramids are of three types (a) Pyramid of number- Always upright (b) Pyramid of Biomass- can be upright & inverted (c) Pyramid of energy – upright	1 1 1
30	❖ For direct economic benefits: Food, firewood, fibre etc. ❖ For <u>Broadly Utilitarian ground</u> : For production of oxygen, pollination. ❖ <u>Ethical</u> : Moral duty to pass the biodiversity to future generations for their well being .	1 1 1

Section-D

31.	(1) Natality and Mortality (2) The shape of logistic growth curve is S shaped	1 1
		2
32.	<p>OR</p> <p>The causes of population explosion are</p> <p>(1) Increased birth rate (2) Decrease in Mortality (3) Immigration</p>	
	<p>(1) No, Ravi is not suffering genetic disease</p> <p>(2) Rajesh's friends suffered from diseases because Rajesh was suffering from communicable disease</p> <p>(3) Communicable disease is that which can be transmitted from sufferer to healthy person</p> <p>For example Tuberculosis</p> <p>Non-communicable disease which cannot be transmitted from sufferer to a healthy person</p> <p>For example Cancer</p>	1 1 2
	<p>OR</p> <p>Ravi may be suffering from communicable disease like Tuberculosis or Covid or any other communicable disease .</p>	
33.	<p>Section-E</p> <p>Agrobacterium tumefaciens is a natural pathogen of several dicot plants</p> <p>It delivers a piece of DNA to transform a normal plant cell into tumor</p> <p>The tumor inducing plasmid of Agrobacterium tumefaciens has been modified into a cloning vector which is no more pathogenic to the plants but is still able to</p>	1 1 3

use the Mechanisms to deliver genes of our interest into a variety of plants .
OR



3+2

34. The process of DNA fingerprinting involves the following steps

4+1

- (1) isolation of DNA
- (2) Digestion of DNA by restriction Endonucleases
- (3) Separation of DNA fragments by electrophoresis
- (4) Treatment of DNA to split the double stranded DNA into single stranded DNA
- (5) Transferring of separated DNA fragments to synthetic membranes such as nitrocellulose or nylon
- (6) Hybridisation using labeled VNTR probe
- (7) Detection of Hybridised DNA fragments by auto radio graphy

This technique is used in forensic science , in determining population and genetic diversities

OR

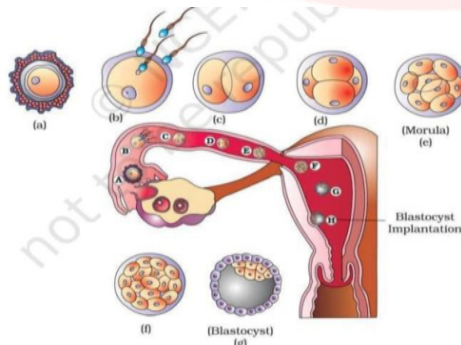
The process of formation of protein as per the information on mRNA is called as translation

1*5

The steps of translation are

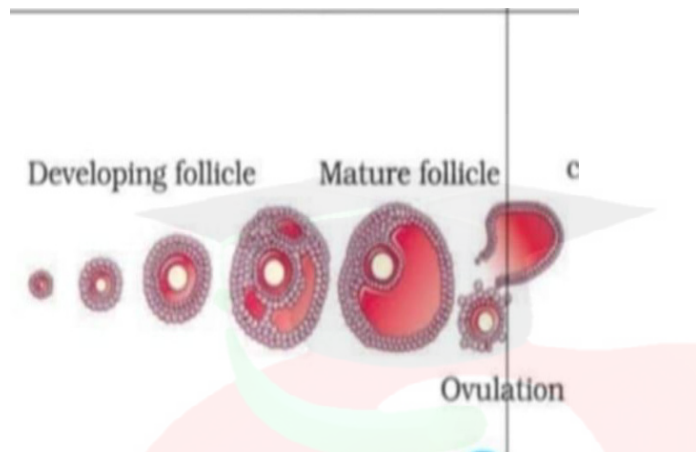
- (1) Activation of amino acids
- (2) Transfer of activated amino acids to tRNA
- (3) Initiation of polypeptide chain from starting codons
- (4) Elongation of the peptide chain by bonding in the adjacent amino acid
- (5) Chain termination due to stop codons

35.



1*5

OR



1*5