## Marking Scheme for Model Question Paper Subject-Retail Class 12<sup>th</sup> Level 4:

Ser No	Answer	Marks
1.	Qualities of successfulentepreneur are :-	5
	A. Stong Ladership qualities.	
	b. LEAGERS ARE born, notmade.	
	C. Highly self-motvated.	
	d. Stong sense of basic ethics and integrity.	
	E. Willingness to fail.	
	f. Serialinnovators.	
	g. Know wh <b>at</b> you don' <b>t</b> know.	
	h. Competitive spirit.	
	I. Understand the value of a strong peer network.	
	Or	
	Teamwork is defined as the willingness of the group of people to work together to achieve a common goal in the organization. It gives the impression that store employees work like family and effective teamwork results to achieve organizational goals. In any organization team work plays an important role to improve the employee performance.	
2.	An organizational structure is a system that outlines how certain activities are directed in order to achieve the goals of an organization. These activities can include rules, roles, and responsibilities. The organizational structure also determines how information flows between levels within the company. For example, in a centralized structure, decisions flow from the top down, while in a decentralized structure, decision-making power is distributed among various levels of the organization. Having an organizational structure in place allows companies to remain efficient and focused.	5
	Types of Organizational Stuctures	
	1. FunctionalStructure	
	2. Divisionalor fulldivisional Stucture	
	3. TEAm-Based	
	4. FIATSTUCTURE	
	5. <b>Mati</b> x S <b>truct</b> ur <b>e</b>	
	6. CIPCUMI STUCTURE	
	7. Network Structure	
	Or	
	Loading and unloading means the services of loading or unloading cargo between any point or place of rest on a terminal or wharf, and tucks, railcars, or any other type of land tansportation and barges. It is externely crucial to any supply chain and can make a big impactif done incorrectly. Loading and unloading the depends on some factors, i.e ship size, limitation of equipmentand stacking yard, a shallow portbasin, tdalperiod and tdalmagnitude.	
3.	SEVEN Principles of Supply Chain Managementare:-	5
	1.Improve inventory visibility.	
	2./14nage supply and demand as a flow.	
	3. dopta fast, flexible pipeline planning system.	

	4. Use real-time analytics to measure volatily of demand.	
	5.Improve forecasting models.	
	6.DIVErsify suppliers.	
	7.Create new distribution networks & Channels.	
	Or	
	/IEAnings of Codents:-	
	n undesirable or unfortunate happening thatoccurs unintentonally and	
	usually results in harm, injury, damage, or loss.	
	ALANING OF EMERGENCIES:- EMERGENCIES REFER TO A dangerous or serious situation, like an accident, thathappens and needs immediate action. In accident may lead to emergencies. In retailer is expected to take remedial steps in emergency conditions.	
	Sups, Tips, faus are very commonaccidentand emergencies in retails tores. Sometimes musculoskeletalinjuries also happened.	
	WETFLOORS:- MOSTSUPS happen on weter dirty floors. Ensure Cleaning happens at the right the And is Carried out in the Correct manner, using the right products and equipment for the job. Ensure wetfloors signs are always used.	
4.	Inventory is the raw materials used to produce goods as well as the goods that are available for sale. It is classified as a current asset on a company's balance sheet.  The three types of inventory includes raw materials, work-in-progress, and finished goods.	3
	Or	
	Lead management: Lead Management is the process of acquiring and managing	
	leads (potential customers) until the point where they make a purchase. This is a	
	more involved process than standard advertising, and is most applicable to	
	ecommerce stores that generate individual relationships with customers.	
5.	Crucial part of the retails for cleaning process is clearing the floors of	3
	Any mess they have accumulated from the day before. The floors should be vacuumed with any products or furniture being moved in the process to get	
	ATTE whole surface.	
	Housekeeping Also includes housecleaning, that is disposing of rubbish,	
	CLEANING dIRTY surfaces, dusting, and vacuuming. It may also involve some	
	outdoor Chores, washing windows, and sweeping doormats.	
	Or	
	Customer Relationship Management (CRM): The market has witnessed dramatic change in the matter of customer especially characterized by individual customer	
	expectations coupled with aggressive participation in the buying process in recent	
	modern business environment. Many retailers who serve this customer have to meet	
	their changing needs and develop continuous contacts with them for the loyalty and retention of the customers hence, the customer relationship management (CRM)	
	emerged which provide a dynamic retail environment and paves the way for high	
	customer contact, service and relation with an aim of building long term relationship	
	with them.	
6.	GLODALLY, CREDITAND DEDITCARDS AND DESTRUCTION OF THE MOST POPULAR	3
	ECOMMERCE PAYMENTMETHODS, BUTOTHER PAYMENTMETHODS, LIKE BANK TANSFERS AND CASH ON DELIVERY (COD), REMAIN POPULAR IN CERTAIN REGIONS. THE USE OF MOBILE	
	payments is also growing, particularly in markets with high smartphone	
	penetration.	
	CASH, A giftcard, Creditcards, prepaid cards, debitcards, mobile payments etc.	
	ArE some methods of paymentin E-RETHLING.	
7.	Information someone shares with you, and reflecting back through	3

questons and your body language that you heard them.	
Negotiation skills are active listening and effective communication. It is a	
discussion between two or more people or parties reaching an agreement.	
Active listening is being fully engaged while another person is talking to you. It is	
listening with the intent to understand the other person fully, rather than	
listening to respond.	
8. Companies can better understand their customers and make stategic	3
business decisions thatlead to increased sales and profits. Consumer	
behavior research helps companies identify customers' needs, preferences,	
And motivations that drive their purchasing decisions.	
HERE ARE some importance of study consumer behaviour :-	
1. Chievementof goals.	
2. Usefulfor retailers and sales executive.	
3. Predicting markettend.	
4. Help in retention of consumers.	
5. Developing new product.	
9. Accounting is a process of identifying the events of financial nature, recording	3
them in the journal, classifying in their respective accounts and summarising them	
in profit and loss account and balance sheet and communicating results to users	
of such information.	
Objectives of Accounting:	
1. Recording business transactions systematically.	
2. Determining profit earned or loss incurred.	
3. Ascertaining financial position of the firm.	
4. Assisting management.	
5. Assessing the progress of the business.	
10. The Security a ssociate periodically patols related areas examining doors,	2
for the security and order of buildings, grounds or other work sites. Being a Security sociate typically reports to a supervisor or manager.  Or  Feedbackify is a website widget toreceive feedback from website	
visitors. Retailer can create its personalized form, copy and paste	
code into its site's HTML then start receiving feedback. It is again a	
paid service.	
11. Customer retention refers to A Company's Ability to Turn Customers into	2
repeatbuyers and prevent them from switching to a competitor. It indicates	_
whether your product and the quality of your service please your existing	
Customers.	
Or	
An employee's dress code essential not discriminatory in admiration	
of age, disability, sex reassignment, religious conviction or belief,	
sex, or sexual orientation.	
12. Electronic Customer Relationship Management	2
13. Store operation Assistant	2
1	2
14. Human Resource Management	
	2
15. RETAILS ALES SUPERVISORS PERFORM SOME OF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING DUTIES:	2
	2
15. RETAILS ALES SUPERVISORS PERFORM SOME OF ALL OF THE FOLLOWING DUTES:  1. Supervise and co-ordinate sales staff and cashiers.  2. Assign sales workers to dutes and prepare work schedules.	2
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	TO CONNECTWITH POTENTAL CUSTOMERS USING THE INTERNETAND OTHER FORMS OF digital communication. This includes not only email, social media, and webbased advertising, but also text and multimedia messages as a marketing channel	
18.	TELEMARKETING IS THE DIRECTMARKETING OF GOODS OF SERVICES TO POTENTAL.  CUSTOMERS OVER THE TELEPHONE, INTERNET, OF FAX. TELEMARKETING MAY EITHER BE  CARRIED OUT BY THE MARKETERS OF INCREASINGLY BY AUTOMATED THE PHONE CAUS  OF "PODOCAUS.	1
19.	c)Telephone	1
20.	a)Retains	1
21.	c)Customer	1
22.	d)All of these	1
23.	c)Customers	1
24.	c)Feedbackify	1
25.	True	
26.	True	1
27.	True	1
28.	Data	1
29.	Very	1
30.	Best	1